



SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 1907/2006/EC (REACH, as amended by 2015/830/EU) 29 CFR 1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015

Revision date: 26 April 2018

Initial date of issue: 3 July 2007

SDS No. 267A-20a

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

276 Electronic Component Cleaner (Aerosol)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Petroleum base cleaner.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY
860 Salem Street
Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA
Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785
(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST)
SDS requests: www.chesterton.com
E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com
E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Supplier:

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive,
Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 - Tel. 905-335-5055
EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23,
D85737 Ismaning, Germany – Tel. +49-89-996-5460

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week
Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053
Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229
Asp. Tox. 1, H304*
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2.1.2. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015

Flam. Aerosol 1, H222
Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
STOT SE 3, H336
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2.1.3. Classification according to WHMIS 1988

B5: Flammable aerosols; A: Compressed gases; D2B: Toxic materials causing other effects

2.1.4. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.5. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

*Labelling not required for aerosols containing substances or mixtures classified as presenting an aspiration hazard, under Article 23 of the CLP.

2.2. Label elements**2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]****Hazard pictograms:****Signal word:** Danger

Hazard statements: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H229 Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 P260 Do not breathe vapours/spray.
 P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
 P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.
 P280 Wear protective gloves.
 P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 P410/412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Supplemental information: None**2.2.2. Labelling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015****Hazard pictograms:****Signal word:** Danger

Hazard statements: H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 P260 Do not breathe vapours/spray.
 P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.
 P280 Wear protective gloves.
 P301/310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
 P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P302/352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P304/340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
 P362/364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.
 P410/412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None**2.3. Other hazards**

None known

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2. Mixtures**

Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% Wt.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate*	85-95	64741-66-8 265-068-8	01-211947 1305-42	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Isopropanol	5-9	67-63-0 200-661-7	01-211945 7558-25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Carbon dioxide	1-5	124-38-9 204-696-9	NA	Press. Gas (Comp.), H280

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

*Contains less than 0.1 % w/w Benzene. Alternative CAS No: 90622-56-3

¹ Classified according to: * 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65
* 1272/2008/EC, REACH
* WHMIS 2015
* Safe Work Australia [NOHSC: 1008 (2004)]

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician immediately.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 15 minutes with large amounts of water. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes skin irritation. Direct eye contact may result in eye irritation. Vapor concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1. Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Pressurized containers, when heated, are a potential explosive hazard.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification: NFPA Storage Level III; 16 CFR 1500.3 Extremely flammable aerosol

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Y

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill to a small area. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. If removal of ignition sources is not possible, then flush material away with water. Pick up with absorbent material (sand, sawdust, clay, etc.) and place in a suitable container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Shake well before using. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking. After handling, wash before eating, drinking or smoking. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Vapor accumulations could flash and/or explode if ignited.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C (120°F). Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Store in a well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limit values**

Ingredients	OSHA PEL ¹		ACGIH TLV ²		UK WEL ³		AUSTRALIA ES ⁴	
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate*	–	–	300*	1400*	–	–	–	–
Isopropanol	400	980	200 STEL: 400	–	400 STEL: 500	999 STEL: 1250	400 STEL: 500	983 STEL: 1230
Carbon dioxide	5000	9000	5000 STEL: 30000	9000 54000	5000 STEL: 15000	9150 STEL: 27400	5000 STEL: 30000	9000 54000

*Based on the procedure described in appendix H, "Reciprocal calculation method for Certain Refined Hydrocarbon Solvent Vapor Mixtures" of the ACGIH TLVs® and BEIs®.

¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits.

² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values.

³ EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive

⁴ Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003].

8.2. Exposure controls**8.2.1. Engineering measures**

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate explosion-proof ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. If exposure limits are exceeded, use approved organic vapor respirator (e.g., EN filter type A-P2).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g. neoprene, nitrile).

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles.

Other: Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	liquid	Odour	mild odor
Colour	clear	Odour threshold	not determined
Initial boiling point	98°C (208°F)	Vapour pressure @ 20°C	approx. 60 mm Hg
Melting point	not determined	% Aromatics by weight	< 0.01%
% Volatile (by volume)	100%	pH	not applicable
Flash point	-6.1°C (21°F)	Relative density	0.7 kg/l
Method	Closed Cup	Weight per volume	5.8 lbs/gal.
Viscosity	1 cst @ 25°C	Coefficient (water/oil)	< 1
Autoignition temperature	approx. 382°C (approx. 720°F)	Vapour density (air=1)	> 1
Decomposition temperature	not determined	Rate of evaporation (ether=1)	< 1
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	Solubility in water	slightly soluble
Flammability (solid, gas)	not applicable	Oxidising properties	not determined
Explosive properties	not determined		

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1. Reactivity**

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen, reactive metals

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, aldehydes and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1. Information on toxicological effects**

Primary route of exposure under normal use: Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing dermatitis are generally aggravated by exposure.

Acute toxicity -**Oral:**

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	LD50, rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Isopropanol	LD50, rat	5840 mg/kg
Isopropanol	Human lethal dose	3570 mg/kg

Dermal:

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	LD50, rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
Isopropanol	LD50, rabbit	13900 mg/kg

Inhalation:

Vapor concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anaesthetic and may have other central nervous system effects.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	LC50, rat, 4 h, vapor	> 21 mg/l (vapor)
Isopropanol	LC50, rat, 6 h, vapor	> 25 mg/l (vapor)

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	Skin irritation, rabbit	Moderately irritating (read-across)
Isopropanol	Skin irritation, rabbit	Not irritating (0)

Serious eye damage/irritation: Direct eye contact may result in eye irritation.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	Eye irritation, rabbit	Mild irritation (read-across)
Isopropanol	Eye irritation, rabbit	Moderately irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate	Skin sensitization, guinea pig (OECD 406)	Not sensitizing
Isopropanol	Skin sensitization, guinea pig (OECD 406)	Not sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity: Isopropanol: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate: expected to be non-mutagenic based on data from similar materials.

Carcinogenicity: As per 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication), this product contains no carcinogens as listed by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Reproductive toxicity: Isopropanol: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate: not expected to cause toxicity, based on data from similar materials.

STOT-single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure: Isopropanol: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate: not expected to cause toxicity, based on data from similar materials.

Aspiration hazard: Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary oedema.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate: chronic NOEC, *Daphnia magna* = 0.17 mg/l (read-across).

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate: expected to degrade rapidly in air; expected to be inherently biodegradable. This substance is expected to be removed in a wastewater treatment facility. Isopropanol: readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Isopropanol: low potential for bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Slightly soluble in water. The hazardous ingredients will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the environment. Isopropanol: expected to have very high mobility in soils. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9).

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Incinerate pressurized or sealed containers in an approved facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement. This product is classified as a hazardous waste according to 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**14.1. UN number**

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN1950
TDG: UN1950
US DOT: UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ICAO: Aerosols, Flammable
IMDG: Aerosols
ADR/RID/ADN: Aerosols, *flammable*
TDG: Aerosols, *flammable*
US DOT: Aerosols, *flammable*

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 2.1
TDG: 2.1
US DOT: 2.1

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: NOT APPLICABLE
TDG: NOT APPLICABLE
US DOT: NOT APPLICABLE

14.5. Environmental hazards

MARINE POLLUTANT - (NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) LIGHT ALKYLATE)

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: May be shipped as Limited Quantities when in a metal container of 1 L or less (49 CFR 173.306(3),(i)) and in a package having a rated capacity gross weight of 30kg(66 lb.) or less (49 CFR 173.306(a)).

Single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids, are not subject to any other requirements of 49 CFR subchapter C. (49 CFR 171.4 (2) Marine pollutants). ERG NO. 126

IMDG: May be shipped as Limited Quantities when in a metal container of 1 L or less (IMO IMDG Special Provision 277) and in a package having a rated capacity gross weight of 30kg(66 lb.) or less (IMO IMDG 3.4.2.1).

Marine Pollutants packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids, are not subject to any other requirements of the IMDG code relevant to marine pollutants. EmS. F-D, S-U

ADR: May be shipped as Limited Quantities when in a metal container of 1 L or less (ADR 3.4.1) and in a package having a rated capacity gross weight of 30kg(66 lb.) or less (ADR 3.4.2).

Packages containing environmentally hazardous substances shall be marked with the environmentally hazardous substance mark with the exception of single and combination packagings where such single or inner packagings of such combination packagings have a net quantity of 5 L or less for liquids; or a net mass of 5 kg or less for solids(ADR 5.2.1.8.1). Classification code 5F, Tunnel restriction code (E)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****15.1.1. EU regulations**

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

Other EU regulations: Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers.

15.1.2. National regulations**US EPA SARA TITLE III****312 Hazards:**

Immediate
 Fire
 Pressure Release

313 Chemicals:

None

TSCA: All chemical components are listed in the TSCA inventory.

Other national regulations: National implementation of the EC Directive referred to in section 15.1.1.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF: Bioconcentration Factor
cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate
CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)
ES: Exposure Standard
GHS: Globally Harmonized System
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level
N/A: Not Applicable
NA: Not Available
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL: No Observed Effect Level
OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)
REL: Recommended Exposure Limit
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure
STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure
TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)
TWA: Time Weighted Average
US DOT: United States Department of Transportation
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance
WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references and sources for data: Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)
Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals
Hazardous Substances Information System (HSIS)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)
U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1, H222	On basis of components
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Bridging principle "Dilution"
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229: Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame, gas cylinder (non-CLP) health hazard (non-CLP) exclamation mark, environment.

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Section 1.3.

Revision date: 26 April 2018

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.